\up

NYU -AA -70 - 16

SUPERSONIC FLOW CALCULATIONS FOR A CONE WITH AN ELLIPTIC FLARE

bу

Harry Lehrhaupt

(NASA-CR-112301) SUPERSONIC FLOW

(NASA-CR-112301) SUPERSONIC FLOW

CALCULATIONS FOR A CONE WITH AN ELLIPTIC

CALCULATIONS FOR WITH AN ELLIPTIC

CALCULATIONS FOR A CONE WITH AN ELLIPTIC

CALCULATION CONE WITH AN ELLIPTIC

CALCULATION CONE WITH AN ELLIPTIC WITH AN ELLIPT

This work was supported by the National Aeronautics and Space Administration under NASA Grant NGR 33-016-131.



New York University
School of Engineering and Science
University Heights, New York, N.Y. 10453
Department of Aeronautics and Astronautics

Research Division

NYU -AA -70 - 16

SUPERSONIC FLOW CALCULATIONS FOR A CONE WITH AN ELLIPTIC FLARE

by

Harry Lehrhaupt

JUNE 1970

This work was supported by the National Aeronautics and Space Administration under NASA Grant NGR 33-016-131.

SUPERSONIC FLOW CALCULATIONS FOR A CONE WITH AN ELLIPTIC FLARE*

bу

Harry Lehrhaupt

A three-dimensional supersonic flow program, developed by the Grumman Corporation, has been used to calculate the flow field about a cone at zero angle of attack with an elliptical flare. A schematic diagram of the body is shown in Fig. (1). Calculations are carried out to two cone lengths, with the cone length taken to be unity. Free stream conditions of $M\infty=8$ $\rho_{\infty}=.00308308$, and $\rho_{\infty}=1$ atmosphere were utilized in the calculations.

Cross flow results in terms of the ratio W/v where v is the total velocity are shown in Figs. (2) to (5) for the meridian planes θ = 20, 40, 60 and 80 degrees, respectively. The pressure coefficient distributions

$$C_{p} = (p/p_{\infty} - 1)/M_{\infty}^{2} \gamma/2$$

on the body are shown in Figs. (6), (7) and (8) for the meridional planes $\theta = 30$, 60 and 90. As a comparison in Figs. (6) to (8) C_p results for an equivalent axisymmetric body utilizing Lomax's program have also been included. An equivalent axisymmetric body is defined as that axisymmetric body

^{*} This work was supported by the National Aeronautics and Space Administration under NASA Grant NGR 33-016-131.

¹⁾ Three-Dimensional Near Characteristics program written by Dick Scheuing an employee of Grumman for his doctoral thesis,

²⁾ The program referred to here is the one described in the following report, Mamori Inouge, John V. Rakich and Howard Lomax, "A Description of Numerical Methods and Computer Programs for Axisymmetric Supersonic Flow Over Blunt-Nosed and Flared Bodies," NASA TN-2970, August 1965.

which is tangent to the given body along a meridinal plane. The C_p distributions for the equivalent bodies are seen to be in good agreement with the three-dimensional calculations. Such an agreement is to be expected at such high Mach numbers.

In Figs. (9) and (10) the shock shape as computed by the 3-D calculations is compared with the axisymmetric calculations of the Lomax program for equivalent bodies at θ = 60 and θ = 90. The agreement between the shock shapes is even better than the agreement in the C distribution.

A user's manual for the three-dimensional program is included as an appendix to this memorandum. It should be noted here that the program, in its present version, is irrotational. As such the results obtained remain strictly valid in the region ahead of the first reflected characteristics from the points on the shock where the shock is no longer axisymmetric. For slowly varying geometries calculations could be extended outside of the above region, in particular under expansion. Special care must be taken, however, in adverse pressure situations where embedded shocks could be formed.

USER'S MANUAL

Three Dimensional Near Characteristics

The program has been broken down into the following subdivisions:

A)	GRUM	-	main	program.

- B) Subroutine FIRST reads inputs and initializes data.
- C) Subroutines FIT1
 FIT2
 FIT3 Spline fitting routines FIT1 is the most
 general.
- D) Subroutine CHAR Calculates speed of sound squared and slopes of characteristics.
- E) FUNCTIONS VALA, VAL written inorder to enable Scope to handle four dimensional arrays.
- F) Function HARDIF 3rd order, finite difference polynomial.
- H) Subroutines GRPH
 PLTS plotting routines W/v and CP are plotted
 as functions of X for pts. on the body.

INPUTS

Inputs are broken down into three broad classifications RED, WHITE, BLUE.

A) RED - body configuration geometry.

B) WHITE - initial conditions.

C) BLUE - control parameters, step size tolerances, printout and plotting options.

Coordinates used throughout are (X, r, θ) .

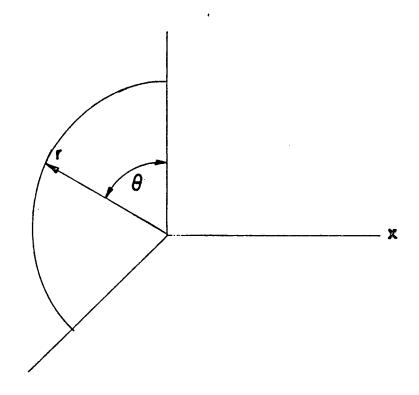


Fig. A

RED INPUTS

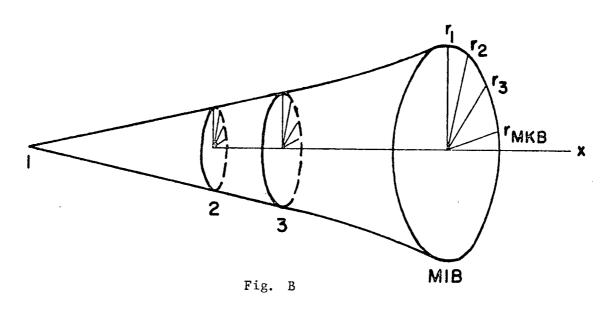
<u>CARD 1</u> 215, 17A4

MIB

number of (r, θ) planes required to define the body.

MKB

- number of radii in defining body in each (r, θ) plane.



CONFIG

description of body being used (example: ELLIPTICAL CONE A/B 1.394)

CARD 2 (8F10.5) [MIB/8] + 1 cards [] indicates greatest integer (example: [7/3] = 2, [3/5] = 0)

XB(IB) IB=1, MIB

- stations where shape of body is defined.

 $\underline{\text{CARD 3}} \qquad (8\text{F10.0}) \left[\frac{\text{MKB}}{\delta} \right] + 1 \text{ cards}$

TB(KB) KB=1, MKB

- angles for radii in (r, θ) plane $0^{\circ} \le \theta \le 90^{\circ}$ or $0^{\circ} \le \theta \le 180^{\circ}$.

CARD 4 (8F10.0) MIB* $\left(\left\lceil \frac{\text{MKB}}{\delta} \right\rceil + 1\right)$ cards

RB(IB, KB) KB=1, MKB; IB=1, MIB - radii at each r-9 plane

CARD 5 (8F10.0) $2*\left(\left\lceil \frac{\text{MKB}}{\delta} \right\rceil + 1\right)$ cards

RBP(IB, KB) KB=1, MKB; IB=1 and IB=MIB - slope $\frac{dr}{dx}$ at first and last r-9 plane

WHITE INPUT

CARD 6	(315, 16A4)
MJD	- number of points between body and shock
	(r) at initial profile.
MKD	- number of meridional points (8) data
	is specified at.
IVAXIS	- velocities are cylindrical (1) or spherical
	(2).
START	- alphanumeric label containing 64 characters.
CARD 7	(6F12.0) (free stream flow conditions)
EMINF	- free stream Mach number.
PINF	- free stream pressure.
RHOINF	- free stream density.
GA MMA	- γ = ratio of specific heats $\frac{C_p}{C_v}$.
ALPHA	- angle of attack,
X1	- station at which we define initial velocity
	distribution.
CARD 8	(6F10.0) MKD + 1 cards
TD(KD)	- 0 value of shock pt. (note at least two
	values are required; i.e., MKD ≥ 3).
RBI(KD)	- r position of the shock point.
RBXI (KD)	- slope of shock $\frac{d}{dx}$

CARD 9	(4E15.0)	MKD*MJD cards
UI(JD,KD)		- x component of the velocity at pts. along
		initial profile.
VI(JD,KD)		- r component of the velocity.
WI(JD,KD)		- 0 component of the velocity.
PHI(JD, KD)		- helps locate where velocities are given
		between shock and the body 0 \leq PHI \leq 1
		where PHI = 0 on the body and PHI = 1
		at shock

BLUE INPUTS

CARD 10	(1015)		
MI		-	number of steps we wish to march down-
			stream from the initial profile (Note:
			program terminates either when MI is
			exceeded or when $x > XEND$).
MJ		-	number of pts. between body and shock
			(max is 21 , 11 is coarse grid) (Note:
			$MJD \leq MJ$).
MK		-	number of meridional (θ) planes (MK \geq MKD).
MAXM			=3 number of times we average slopes
			of characteristics.
MAXN		-	=15 maximum number of iterations that
			can be performed to find shock.
MODF		-	(1) one used (affects iteration of shock pt.)
			(2)
IPT		-	indicates r-0 plane at which we want total
			pressure calculated.
			(1) initial plane.
			(2) at each subsequent station.
KPT		-	meridional plane at which total pressure
			drop at shock is computed
IPUNCH		-	(0) no punch or plot.
			(1) punch cards at last station and plots
			C and W/v versus X.
NOPT		-	Print out occurs at every NOPT stations.

<u>CARD 11</u> (6F10.0)

TOLEP - .00001 tolerence for shock.

CUNST - 0.8 [Von Neuman stability constant.]

CTST - 0.9 e stability factor

CNX - 1.0

CNNX - 0.9

XEND - position where calculations are stopped.

THREE DIMENSIONAL NEAR CHARACTERISTIC PROGRAM

Explanation of the Printed Output

Complete Body Radius Matrix

IB Body cross-plane index number

ΧB Axial location of a body cross-plane

Meridional plane index number $(0^{\circ} \rightarrow 180^{\circ})$ or K

 $0^{\circ} \rightarrow 90^{\circ}$)

Body radial coordinate (r_b) RB

First derivative of \boldsymbol{r}_b with respect to \boldsymbol{x} RPB

 $(r_b' = \frac{\partial r_b}{\partial x})$

Second derivative $(r_b^1) = \frac{\partial^2 r_b}{\partial x^2}$) RPPB

- Third derivative $(r_b''' = \frac{a^3}{2 \times 3} r_b)$ RPPPB

Upstream Flow Conditions

K Meridional plane index number

Theta Meridional plane coordinate $(\theta$, in degrees)

UU Axial component of the velocity upstream

of the shock

VU Radial component of the velocity upstream

of the shock.

WU Transverse component of the velocity

upstream of the shock

New Data Surface Variables-Final Iteration

I	-	New data surface index number .
x2	-	Axial coordinate of the new data surface.
М	_	Number of iterations used in the calculation
		(M=1 first order, M=2, 3, 4 second order).
К	-	Meridional plane index number.
TH	-	Meridional plane coordinate (θ , in degrees).
R2	-	Body radial coordinate (r _b).
RX2	-	Body slope in the X direction ($\frac{\partial x}{\partial x}$) b
RT2	-	Body slope in the θ direction ($\frac{\partial r}{\partial \theta}$) $_b$ °
DR2	· -	Radial distance between successive grid
		points between the body and the shock (δ_r) .
DRT2	-	Partial derivative of $\boldsymbol{\delta}_r$ with respect to $\boldsymbol{\theta}$.
RS2	-	Shock radial coordinate (r _s)
RSX2	-	Shock slope in the X direction $(\frac{\partial x}{\partial r})$ s
RST2	-	Shock slope in the θ direction $(\frac{\partial \theta}{\partial r})$ s.
J	-	Grid point index number in the radial
		direction (J=1 on body).
RP	-	Local radial coordinate.
U2	-	Local axial velocity component.
V2	-	Local radial velocity component.
W?	-	Local transverse velocity component.
LAMBDA1	-	Local slope of the first characteristic.
LAMBDA2	-	Local slope of the second characteristic

New Data Surface Variables-Final Iteration (continued)

MACH NO

- Local Mach number

CP

- Local pressure coefficient *

$$\frac{P/p_{\infty}-1}{\frac{Y}{2} \quad M_{\infty}^{2}}$$

* Based on a constant total pressure drop across the shock for all points.

CONE WITH ELLIPSOIDAL FLARE

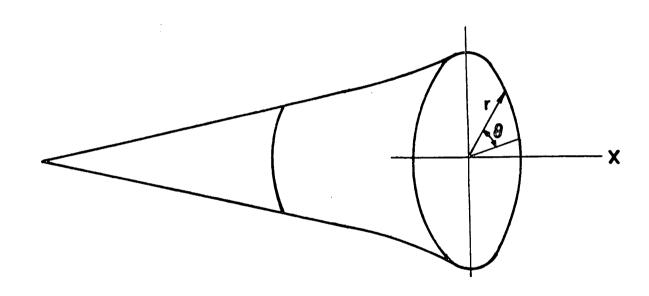


Fig. 1

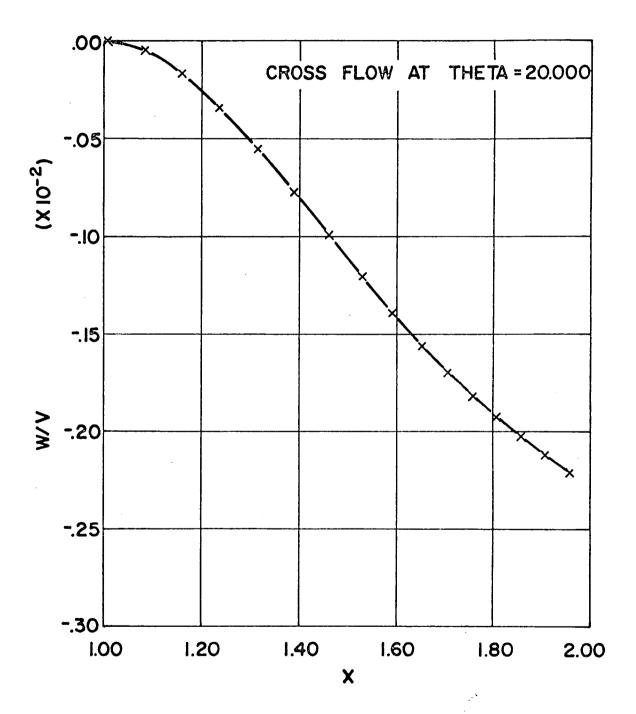


Fig. 2

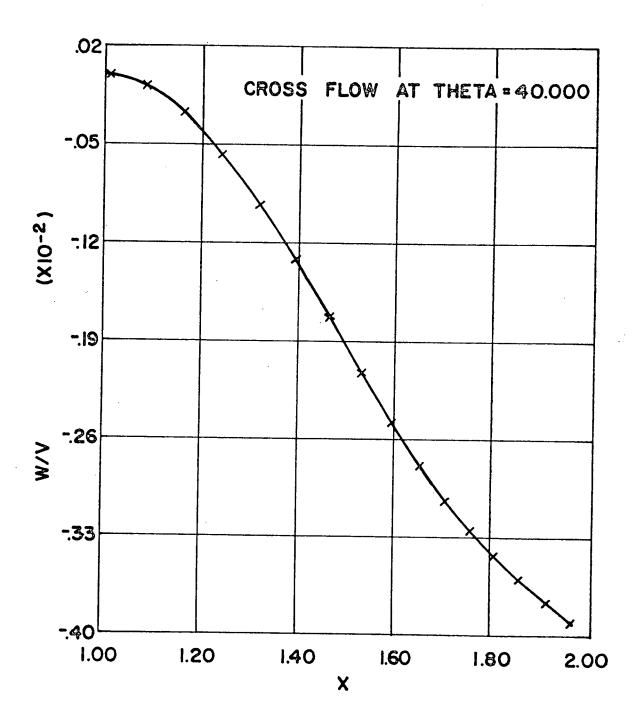


Fig. 3

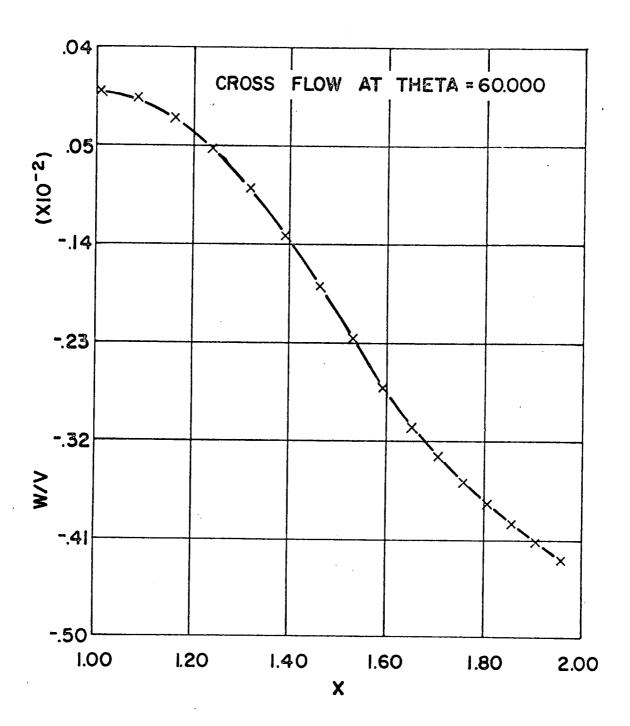


Fig. 4

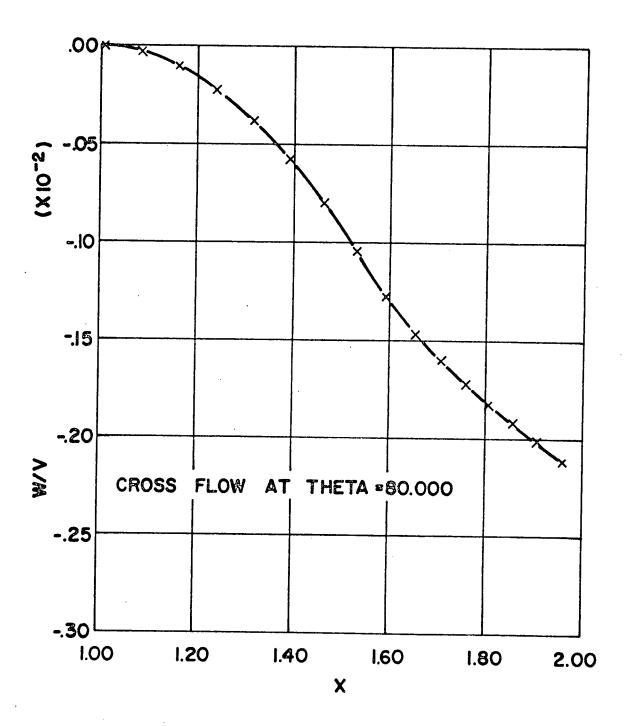


Fig. 5

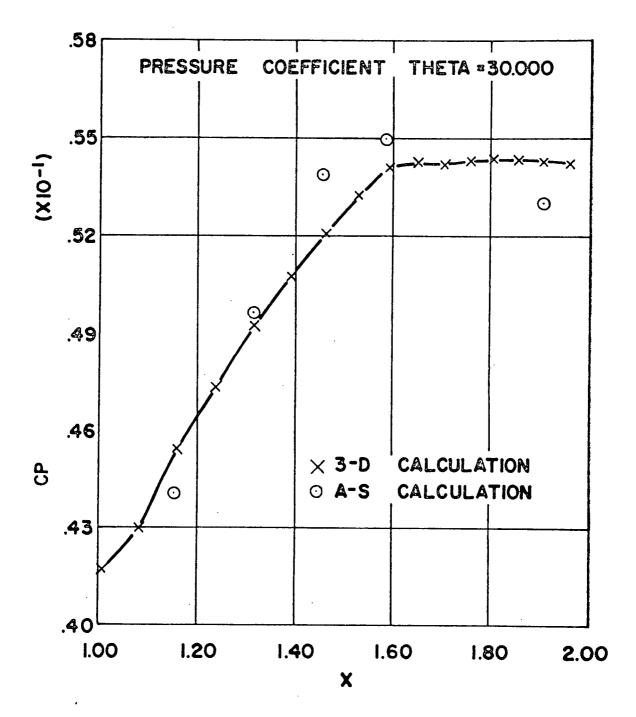


Fig. 6

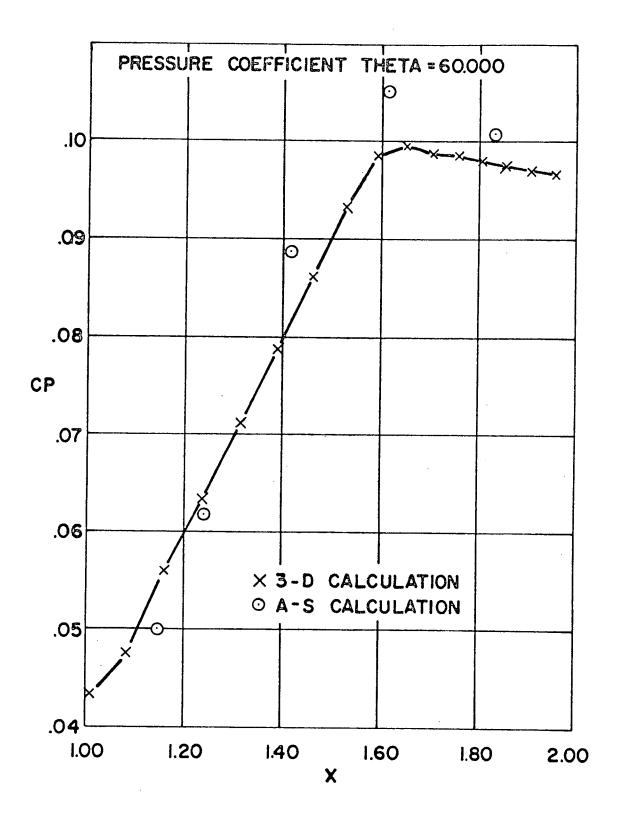


Fig. 7

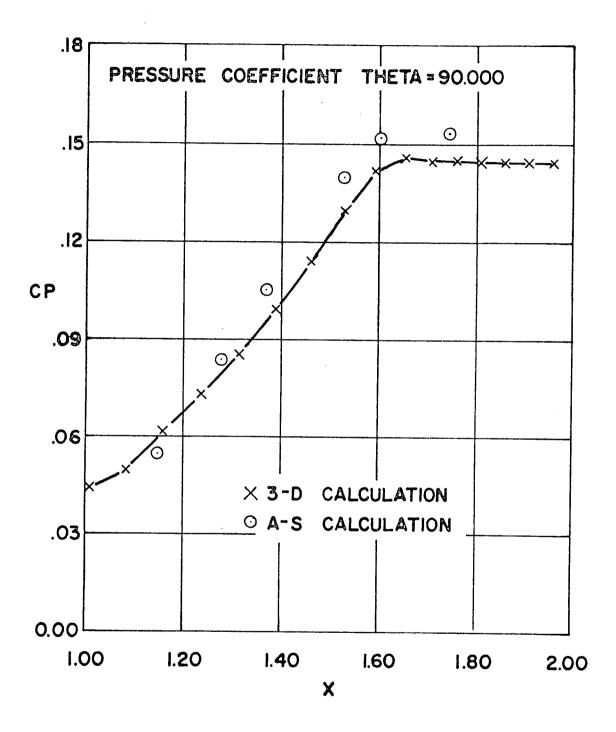


Fig. 8

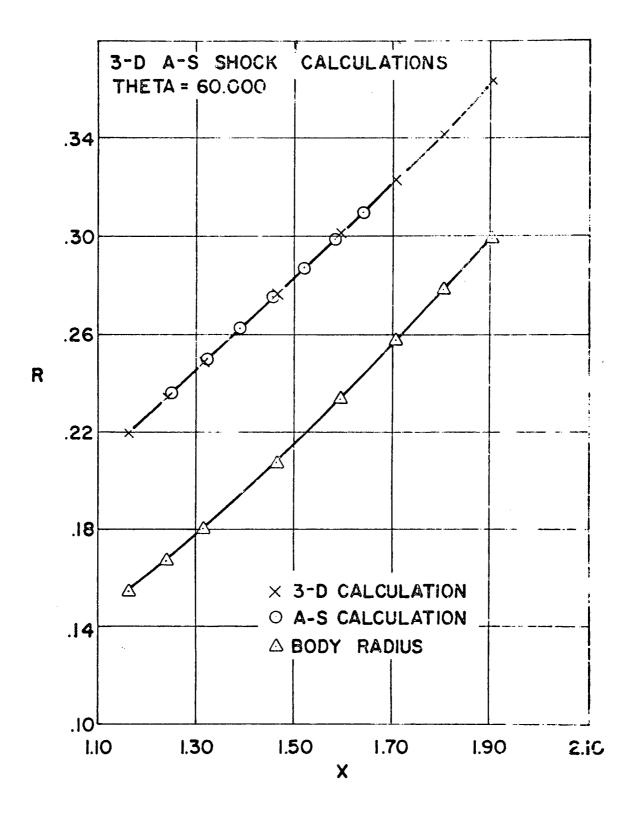


Fig. 9

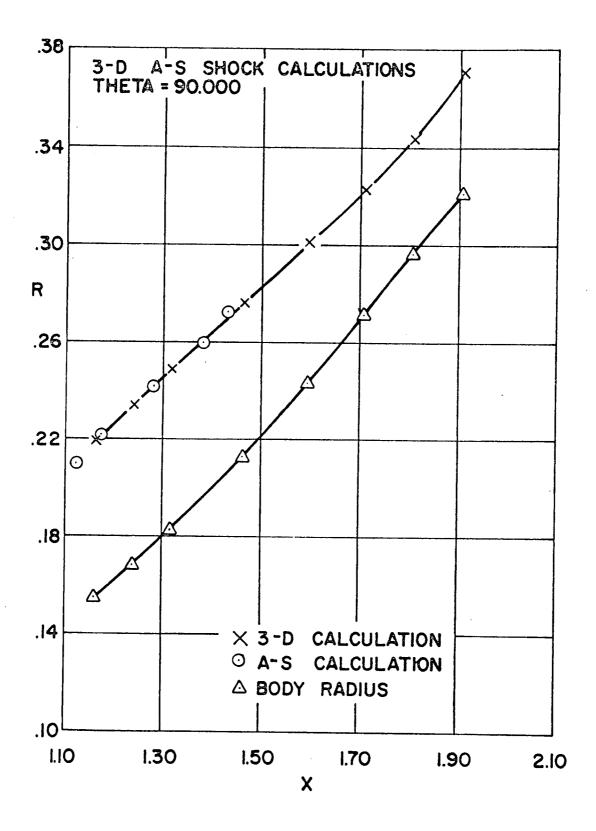


Fig. 10

APPENDIX A

Listing of input data used to generate output for this report

700							
789 13	10 CIRCU	JLAR CONE FL	ARF A/P=1				
0.0	1.0	1.1	1.2	1.3	1 • 4	1.5	1.6
1.65	1.7	1 • 8	1.9	2.0			
0.0	10.0	20.0	30.0	40.0	50.0	60.0	70.0
80.0	90.0						
0.0	0.0	0•0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
0.0 0.13165	0•0 0•13165	0 10165	0 12145	0 12165	0.10145	0 10165	0 12165
0.13165	0.13165	0.13165	0.13165	0.13165	0.13165	0.13165	0.13165
0.14482	0.14485	0.14493	0.14506	0.14522	0.14539	0.14555	0.14568
0.14577	0.14580	002,400	0 • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	0014722	0 1 4 2 3 7	0014233	0114300;
0.15798	0.15810	0.15843	0.15894	0.15957	0.16025	0.16090	0.16143
0.16178	0.16191				•		
0.17115	0.17140	0.17211	0.17323	0.17463	0.17617	0.17764	0.17887
0.17969	0.17998 0.18473	0 10504	0 10700	0.30004	0 10005	0 105 71	0 1070
0.19947	0.18473	0.18596	0.18789	0.19034	0.19305	0.19571	0.19796
0.19748	0.19810	0.19993	0.20284	0.20659	0.21081	0.21502	0.21865
0.22112	0.2220	0 • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	0 • 2020 4	0.20033	0.21001	0.21302	0.2100)
0.21064	0.21150	0.21401	0.21803	0.22329	0.22934	0.23549	0.24088
0.24461	0.24595						
0.21723	0.21820	0.22107	0.22568	0.23175	0.23878	0.24600	0.25238
0.25682	0.25842						
0.22381	0.22490	0.22812	0.23332	0.24020	0.24822	0.25650	0.26387
0.23697	0.27088 0.23831	0.24224	0.24861	0.25711	0.26711	0.27752	0 20405
0.29343	0.29582	0 • 2 4 2 2 4	0.24001	0.25/11	0.20/11	0.21152	0.28685
0.25014	0.25171	0.25635	0.26391	0.27402	0.28599	0.29853	0.30984
0.31784	0.32075						, J , J , J , , ,
0.26330	0.26511	0.27046	0.27920	0.29093	0.30487	0.31954	0.33282
0.34225	0.34568				_		
0.13165	0.13165 0.13165	0.13165	0.13165	0.13165	0.13165	0.13165	0.13165
0.13165	0.13403	0.14113	0.15292	0.16911	0.18883	0.21013	0 22004
0.24410	0.24933	0014113	0 1 1 1 2 7 2	0.10711	0.10063	0.21013	0.22986
21		5 DEGREE CO	NE FLARE-M	ACH 8-ALF	PHA 0		
8.0	2116.2	0.003			0.0	1.0	
0.0	0.1893				0.189336	0.189336	
	5452484	1003.034516		000000	0.000000		
	2918489 9937256	982.287437 962.329674		000000	•049595		
7669 • 659		962 • 3296 14 3 • 0656566	4 0.0	000000	•099228 L489004	39	
	2959001	924.410721		000000	•198611	1	
	9110928	906.288755		000000	•248361		
	5117211	888.630281	5 0.0	000000	•298153		
	1046278	871.370848		000000	•347986	57	
	6966936	854.449618		00000	•397862		
	2945918	837.808057		000000	• 44778]		
	9069613	821.388671 805.133687		000 00 0	•497745 •547753		
	2047323	788.983579		000000	• 54 / / 5 3 • 5 9 7 8 0 8		
	9092701	772.875336		000000	•647909		
	6656742	756 • 740275		000000	•698058		
	4874993	740.501137		00000	•748255	4	
	3912149	724.068031		000000	• 798502		
	3974240 5327652	707 • 332466		000000	•848799		
1 1 1 4 •	7761076	690.158114	0.0	00000	•899147	1	

7714.8330479	672.3656533	0.0000000	•9495471
7718.3487679	653.7061513	0.0000000	1.0000000
7662.5452484	1003.0345164	0.0000000	0.0000000
7665.2918489	982.2874374	0.0000000	•0495957
7667.9937256	962.3296744	0.0000000	•0992289
7669 • 6591866 943	0656566 0.0	0.	1489004
7673.2959001	924.4107210	0.0000000	•19861-11
7675.9110928	906.2887550	0.0000000	.2483619
7678.5117211	888.6302815	0.0000000	•2981535
7681.1046278	871.3708484	0.0000000	•3479867
7683.6966936	854.4496187	0.0000000	•3978626
7686.2949918	837.8080570	0.0000000	•4477818
7688.9069613	821.3886714	0.0000000	•4977452
7691.5406049	805.1336870	0.000000	•5477537
7694.2047323	788.9835793	0.0000000	•5978081
7696.9092701	772.8753366	0.000000	•6479093
7699.6656742	756.7402754	0.0000000	•6980581
7702.4874993	740.5011376	0.0000000	•7482554
7705.3912149	724.0680319	0.0000000	•7985021
7708.3974240	707.3324669	0.0000000	•8487991
7711.5327652	690.1581140	0.0000000	.8991471
7714.8336479	672.3656533	0.0000000	.9495471
7718.3487679	653.7061513	0.000000	1.0000000
150 21 10	3 15 1	2 1 1	10
0.00001 0.8	0.9	1.0 0.9	1.36

APPENDIX B

Program listing

```
Y825007, P1, T1300, CM137000, LEHRHAUPT (GRUM-PLOT)
RUN(S)
LGO(LC=77000)
789
       BLOCK DATA
      COMMON/TITLE/TITL1(3),TITL2(3),LABLE(4)/PLTS/XORI,YORI,SX,SY,J
      1L, ITPN, VALUE, H
      DATA TITL1,TITL2,XORI,YORI,SX,SY,J,L,ITPN/30H
                                                          X
                  ,30H
                                                        ,0.5,0.5,15.0,9
      2,3,8/,LABLE,VALUE/30H CROSS FLOW
                                                   THETA =
                                                              ,0,12.56/
      3 0.2/
       END
```

PRECEDING PAGESBLANK NOT FILMED

```
DS=DT
      CALL FIT3 (MK+1)
      DO 2314 K=1,MK
 2314 RT2(K)=FP(K)
C
            ORDER SOLUTION (M=1)
      FIRST
\mathbf{C}
      M = 1
      DO 3214 K=1,MK
      DRST=CVNST*DR1(K)
\mathbf{C}
                            (3000)
             POINT (M=1)
\mathsf{C}
      SHOCK
      N=1
      IN1=1
      IN2=1
      RSTR=RST1(K)/RS1(K)
      RSX(2)=RSXI(K)
      RC=RS1(K)-DR1(K)
      EKAY1=RC+DX*EL1(MJM1,K,1)
      EKAY2=1./(DR1(K)+DX*(EL1(MJ,K,1)-EL1(MJM1,K,1)))
 3001 RP=RS1(K)+.5*(RSX1(K)+RSX(2))*DX
      EKAY=(RP-EKAY1)*EKAY2
      RA(1)=RC+EKAY*DR1(K)
      DO 3002 NN=1.6
 3002 FA(1,NN)=VAL(F1,1,MJM1,K,1,NN)+EKAY*(VAL(F1,1,MJ,K,1,NN)-VAL(F1,1,
      1MJM1,K,1,NN))
      CALL CHAR(FA(1,1),FA(1,2),FA(1,3),0.,A,ELA(1,1),ELA(1,2))
      GA(1)=(2.*FA(1.3)*(FA(1.1)*FA(1.4)+FA(1.2)*FA(1.5))-(A-FA(1.3)**2)
      i*FA(1,6)-FA(1,2)*(Δ+FA(1,3)**2))/(RA(1)*(A-FA(1,1)**2))
      GGA(1)=FA(1,1)+ELA(1,2)*FA(1,2)+GA(1)*DX
      wla=(FA(1,4)+ELA(1,1)*(FA(1,5)-FA(1,3)))/RA(1)
       WWA=FA(1+3)+W1A*DX
       W2(MJ,K)=WWA
  3003 ENRS=1./SQRT(1.+RSX(2)**2+RSTR**2)
       GO TO (3004,3005,3004),IN1
  3004 VNU=ENRS*(RSX(2)*UU(K)+VU(K)+RSTR*WU(K))
       VNU2=VNU**2
       EPS=G2+G3/VNU2
  3005 V2(MJ,K)=VU(K)+(1.-EPS)*ENRS*VNU
       U2(MJ,K)=GGA(1)-ELA(1,2)*V2(MJ,K)
       VD2=U2(MJ,K)**2+V2(MJ,K)**2+W2(MJ,K)**2
       VND=SQRT(VD2+VNU2-VINF2)
       EPC=VND/VNU
       DEPEP(2)=(EPC-EPS)/EPS
       IF (TOLEP-ABS(DEPEP(2))) 3006,3011,3011
  3006 GO TO (3007,3008),1N2
  3007 IN1=2
       IN2=2
       EPS=.5*(EPS+EPC)
       VNU2=G3/(EPS-G2)
       VNU=SQRT(VNU2)
       RSX(1)=RSX(2)
       RSX(2)=(UU(K)*(VU(K)-WU(K)*RSTR)+VNU*SQRT((VINF2-VNU2)*(1.+RSTR**2
      1)-(VU(K)*RSTR+WU(K))**2))/(UU(K)**2-VNU2)
       GO TO 3009
  3008 IN1=3
        TEMPOR=RSX(2)
       RSX(2)=RSX(2)-(RSX(1)-RSX(2))*DEPEP(2)/(DEPEP(1)-DEPEP(2))
        RSX(1) = TEMPOR
```

```
3009 DEPEP(1)=DEPEP(2)
      N=N+1
      IF (N-MAXN) 3010,9001,9001
 3010 GO TO (3001,3003),MODE
 3011 RS2(K)=RS1(K)+.5*(RSX1(K)+RSX(2))*DX
      RSX2(K)=RSX(2)
      CALL CHAR(U2(MJ,K),V2(MJ,K),W2(MJ,K),O.,A,EL2(MJ,K,1),EL2(MJ,K,2))
      EL1B(MJ,K)=.5*(ELA(1,1)+EL2(MJ,K,1))
      EL2B(MJ,K)=EL2(MJ,K,2)
      DR2(K) = (RS2(K) - R2(K))/MJM1
(~
\mathsf{C}
      BODY
            POINT (M=1) (3100)
      RP=R2(K)
      RC=R1(K)
      EKAY=(RP-RC-DX*EL1(1,K,2))/(DR1(K)+DX*(EL1(2,K,2)-EL1(1,K,2)))
      RA(2) = RC + EKAY * DR1(K)
      DO 3101 NN=1.6
 3101 FA(2,NN)=VAL(F1,1,1,K,1,NN)+EKAY*(VAL(F1,1,2,K,1,NN)-VAL(F1,1,1,K,
     11+NN))
      CALL CHAR(FA(2,1),FA(2,2),FA(2,3),O.,A,ELA(2,1),ELA(2,2))
      GA(2)=(2.*FA(2,3)*(FA(2,1)*FA(2,4)+FA(2,2)*FA(2,5))-(A-FA(2,3)**2)
     1*FA(2,6)-FA(2,2)*(A+FA(2,3)**2))/(RA(2)*(A-FA(2,1)**2))
      GGA(2)=FA(2,1)+ELA(2,1)*FA(2,2)+GA(2)*DX
      W2B=(FA(2,4)+ELA(2,2)*(FA(2,5)-FA(2,3)))/RA(2)
      WWB=FA(2,3)+W2B*DX
      V2(1,K)=(GGA(2)*RX2(K)+WWB*RT2(K)/R2(K))/(1.+RX2(K)*ELA(2,1))
      U2(1,K) = GGA(2) - ELA(2,1) * V2(1,K)
      W2(1,K)=WWS
      CALL CHAR(U2(1,K),V2(1,K),W2(1,K),O.,A,EL2(1,K,1),EL2(1,K,2))
      EL1B(1,K)=EL2(1,K,1)
      EL2B(1,K)=.5*(ELA(2,2)+EL2(1,K,2))
(
\mathsf{C}
      FIELD POINTS (M=1) (3200)
      DO 3213 J=2.MJM1
      RP=RP+DR2(K)
      L=0
      JJ=J-1
 3201 L=L+1
 3202 RC=R1(K)+(JJ-1)*DR1(K)
      IF (RP-RC-DX*EL1(JJ,K,L))3203,3204,3205
 3203 JJ=JJ-1
      GO TO 3202
 3204 EKAY=0.0
      GO TO 3208
3205 IF (RC+DR1(K)+DX*EL1(JJ+1,K,L)-RP) 3206,3206,3207
3206 JJ=JJ+1
      GO TO 3202
3207 EKAY=(RP-RC-DX*EL1(JJ,K,L))/(DR1(K)+DX*(EL1(JJ+1,K,L)-EL1(JJ,K,L))
     1)
3208 RA(L)=RC+EKAY*DR1(K)
      DO 3209 NN=1,6
3209 FA(L,NN)=VAL(F1,1,JJ,K,1,NN)+EKAY*(VAL(F1,1,JJ+1,K,1,NN)-VAL(F1,1,
     1JJ,K,1,NN))
     CALL CHAR(FA(L,1),FA(L,2),FA(L,3),0.,A,ELA(L,1),ELA(L,2))
     GA(L)=(2.*FA(L,3)*(FA(L,1)*FA(L,4)+FA(L,2)*FA(L,5))-(A-FA(L,3)**2)
     1*FA(L,6)-FA(L,2)*(A+FA(L,3)**2))/(RA(L)*(A-FA(L,1)**2))
     GGA(L)=FA(L,1)+ELA(L,3-L)*FA(L,2)+GA(L)*DX
     GD TO (3201,32101,1
```

```
3210 IF (DRST-RA(2)+RA(1)) 3211,3212,3212
 3211 CNX=CNX*CNNX
      GO TO 2305
 3212 WIA=(FA(1,4)+ELA(1,1)*(FA(1,5)-FA(1,3)))/RA(1)
      WWA=FA(1,3)+W1A*DX
      V2(J,K) = (GGA(2) - GGA(1)) / (ELA(2,1) - ELA(1,2))
      U2(J_*K) = GG_*(1) - ELA(1,2) * V2(J_*K)
      W2(J+K)=WWA
      CALL CHAR(U2(J,K),V2(J,K),W2(J,K),O.,A,EL2(J,K,1),EL2(J,K,2))
      EL1B(J,K)=.5*(ELA(1,1)+EL2(J,K,1))
 3213 EL2B(J,K)=.5*(ELA(2,2)+EL2(J,K,2))
 3214 CONTINUE
      DO 5209 M=2,MAXM
C
      COMPLETE NEW DATA SURFACE MATRIX (4000)
      DS=DT
      DO 4001 K=1,MK
 4001 F(K) = DR2(K)
      CALL FIT3(MK,1)
      DO 4002 K=1,MK
      DRT2(K) = FP(K)
 4002 RST2(K)=RT2(K)+MJM1*DRT2(K)
      DO 4104 K=1.MK
      DS=DR2(K)
      DO 4103 NN=1.5
      DO 4101 J=1,MJ
 4101 F(J)=VAL(F2,2,J,K,1,NN)
      CALL FIT1(MJ,3,3,0.,0.)
      DO 4102 J=1,MJ
 4102 CALL VAL4(F2,2,J,K,3,NN,FP(J))
 4103 CONTINUE
 4104 CONTINUE
      DO 4206 J=1,MJ
      DS=DT
      DO 4205 NN=1,5
      KEND=1
      IF (3-NN) 4202,4201,4202
 4201 KEND=2
 4202 DO 4203 K=1,MK
 4203 F(K)=VAL(F2,2,J,K,1,NN)
      CALL FIT3(MK, KEND)
      DO 4204 K=1,MK
 4204 CALL VAL4(F2,2,J,K,2,NN,FP(K)-VAL(F2,2,J,K,3,NN)*(RT2(K)+(J-1)*
     1DRT2(K)))
 4205 CONTINUE
 4206 CONTINUE
      MO=M-1
C
\mathbf{C}
      SECOND ORDER
                      SOLUTION (M=2,3,...)
      DO 5208 K=1.MK
      DRST = CVNST*DR1(K)
C
C
      SHOCK POINT (M=2,3,...) (5000)
      N=1
      IN1=1
      IN2=1
      RPO=RS2(K)
      RSTR=RST2(K)/RS2(K)
```

```
KSX(Z)=KSXZ(K)
     A=AO-G1*(U2(MJ_{3}K)**2+V2(MJ_{3}K)**2+W2(MJ_{3}K)**2)
     GP = (2.*W2(MJ,K)*(U2(MJ,K)*UT2(MJ,K)+V2(MJ,K)*VT2(MJ,K))
    1-(A-W2(MJ,K)**2)*WT2(MJ,K)-V2(MJ,K)*(A+W2(MJ,K)**2))/(RPO*
    2(A-U2(MJ,K)**2))
     W1P=(UT2(MJ,K)+EL2(MJ,K,1)*(VT2(MJ,K)-W2(MJ,K)))/RPO
5001 RP=RS1(K)+.5*(RSX1(K)+RSX(2))*DX
     RA(1)=RP-VAL(F2,2,MJ,K,1,4)*DX
     CAPA(1) = -VAL(F2,2,MJ,K,2,4)*DX/RA(1)
     DR=RA(1)-RSI(K)+DRI(K)
     DO 5002 NN=1.6
5002 FA(1,NN)=VAL(F1,1,MJM1,K,1,NN)+DR*(VAL(F1,1,MJM1,K,2,NN)+.5*DR*
    1(VAL(F1,1,MJM1,K,3,NN)+DR* VAL(F1,1,MJM1,K,4,NN)/3,0))
     CALL CHAR(FA(1,1), FA(1,2), FA(1,3), CAPA(1), A, ELA(1,1), ELA(1,2))
     DO 5003 NN=4.6
     FAR=VAL(F1,1,MJM1,K,2,NN-3)+DR*(VAL(F1,1,MJM1,K,3,NN-3)+
    10.5*DR*VAL(F1,1,MJM1,K,4,NN-3))
5003 FA(1,NN)=FA(1,NN)-VAL(F2,2,MJ,K,2,4)*DX*FAR
     GA(1) = (2.*FA(1,3)*FA(1,1)*FA(1,4)+(2.*FA(1,2)*FA(1,3)+(A-FA(1,3))
    1**2)*CAPA(1))*FA(1,5)-(A-FA(1,3)**2)*FA(1,6)-(FA(1,2)*FA(1,3)+
    2(A-FA(1,3)**2)*CAPA(1))*FA(1,3)-A*FA(1,2))/(RA(1)*(A-FA(1,1)**2))
     GBAR(1) = .5*(GA(1) + GP)
     ELBAR(1)=.5*(ELA(1,2)+EL2(MJ,K,2))
     GGA(1)=FA(1,1)+ELBAR(1)*FA(1,2)+GBAR(1)*DX
     W1A=(FA(1,4)+ELA(1,1)*(FA(1,5)-FA(1,3)))/RA(1)
     WIBAR=.5*(WIA+WIP)
     WWA=FA(1,3)+.5*CAPA(1)*FA(1,2)+W1BAR*DX
5004 ENRS=1./SQRT(1.+PSX(2)**2+RSTR**2)
     GO TO (5005,5006,5005), INI
5005 VNU=ENRS*(RSX(2)*UU(K)-VU(K)+RSTR*WU(K))
     VNU2=VNU**2
     EPS=G2+G3/VNU2
5006 V2(MJ,K)=VU(K)+(1.-EPS)*ENRS*VNU
     U2(MJ_*K) = GGA(1) - ELRAR(1) * V2(MJ_*K)
     W2(MJ_*K) = WWA - .5 * CAPA(1) * V2(MJ_*K)
     VD2=U2(MJ,K)**2+V2(MJ,K)**2+W2(MJ,K)**2
     VND=SQRT(VD2+VNU2-VIME2)
     EPC=VND/VNU
     DEPEP(2)=(EPC-EPS)/EPS
     IF (TOLEP-ABS(DEPEP(2))) 5007,5012,5012
5007 GO TO (5008,5009), IN2
5008 IN1=2
     IN2=2
     EPS=+5*(EPS+EPC)
     VNU2=G3/(EPS-G2)
     VNU=SQRT(VNU2)
     RSX(1)=RSX(2)
     RSX(2)=(UU(K)*(VU(K)-WU(K)*RSTR)+VNU*SQRT((VINF2-VNU2)*(1.+RSTR**2
    1)-(VU(K)*RSTR+WU(K))**2))/(UU(K)**2-VNU2)
     GO TO 5010
5009 IN1=3
     TEMPOR=RSX(2)
     RSX(2)=RSX(2)-(RSX(1)-RSX(2))*DEPEP(2)/(DEPEP(1)-DEPEP(2))
     RSX(1) = TEMPOR
5010 DEPEP(1)=DEPEP(2)
     N=N+1
     IF (N-MAXN) 5011,9001,9001
5011 GO TO (500),5004),MODE
```

```
5012 RS2(K)=RS1(K)+.5*(RSX1(K)+RSX(2))*DX
      RSX2(K) = RSX(2)
      CALL CHAR(U2(MJ,K),V2(MJ,K),W2(MJ,K),O.,A,EL2(MJ,K,1),EL2(MJ,K,2))
      EL1B(MJ,K)=.5*(ELA(1,1)+EL2(MJ,K,1))
      EL2B(MJ_{\bullet}K)=EL2(MJ_{\bullet}K_{\bullet}2)
      DRO=DR2(K)
      DR2(K) = (RS2(K) - R2(K)) / MJM1
C
C
      BODY POINT
                   (M=2,3,...)
                                  (5100)
      RPO=R2(K)
      A=A0-G1*(U2(1,K)**2+V2(1,K)**2+W2(1,K)**2)
      GP = (2 * W2(1 * K) * (U2(1 * K) * UT2(1 * K) + V2(1 * K) * VT2(1 * K)) - (A - W2(1 * K) * * 2) *
     1WT2(1 \circ K) - V2(1 \circ K) * (A+V/2(1 \circ K) * * 2))/(PPO*(A-U2(1 \circ K) * * 2))
      W2P=(UT2(1,K)+EL2(1,K,2)*(VT2(1,K)-W2(1,K)))/RPO
      RP=R2(K)
      RA(2)=RP-VAL(F2,2,1,K,1,5)*DX
      CAPA(2) =-VAL(F2,2,1,K,2,5)*DX/RA(2)
      DR=RA(2)-RI(K)
      DO 5101 NN=1.6
 5101 FA(2,NN)=HARDIF(VAL(F1,1,1,K,1,NN),VAL(F1,1,1,K,2,NN),
     1VAL(F1,1,1,K,3,NN), VAL(F1,1,1,K,4,NN), DR)
      CALL CHAR (FA(2,1), FA(2,2), FA(2,3), CAPA(2), A, ELA(2,1), ELA(2,2))
      DO 5102 NN=4,6
      FAR=VAL(F1,1,1,K,2,NN-3)-DR*(VAL(F1,1,1,K,3,NN-3)+0.5*DR*
     1VAL(F1,1,1,K,4,NN-3))
 5102 FA(2,NN)=FA(2,NN)-VAL(F2,2,1,K,2,5)*DX*FAR
      GA(2)=(2.*FA(2,3)*FA(2,1)*FA(2,4)+(2.*FA(2,2)*FA(2,3)+(A-FA(2,3)
     1**2)*CAPA(2))*FA(2,5)-(A-FA(2,3)**2)*FA(2,6)-(FA(2,2)*FA(2,3)+
     2(A-FA(2,3)**2)*CAPA(2))*FA(2,3)-A*FA(2,2))/(RA(2)*(A-FA(2,1)**2))
      GBAR(2)=.5*(GA(2)+GP)
      ELBAR(2)=.f*(ELA(2,1)+EL2(1,K,1))
      GGA(2)=FA(2,1)+ELBAR(2)*FA(2,2)+GBAR(2)*DX
      W2B=(FA(2,4)+ELA(2,2)*(FA(2,5)-FA(2,3)))/RA(2)
      W2BAR=.5*(W2B+W2P)
      WWB=FA(2,3)+.5*CAPA(2)*FA(2,2)+W2BAR*DX
      V2(1,K)=(GGA(2)*RX2(K)+WWB*RT2(K)/R2(K))/(1.+ELBAR(2)*RX2(K)+.5*
     1CAPA(2)*RT2(K)/R2(K))
      U2(1,K)=GGA(2)-ELBAR(2)*V2(1,K)
      W2(1,K) = WWB - .5 * CAPA(2) * V2(1,K)
      CALL CHAR(U2(1,K),V2(1,K),W2(1,K),O.,A,EL2(1,K,1),EL2(1,K,2))
      EL1B(1,K)=EL2(1,K,1)
      EL2B(1,K)=.5*(ELA(2,2)+EL2(1,K,2))
Ç
      FIELD POINTS (M=2,3,...) (5200)
\mathbf{C}
      DO 5207 J=2.MJM1
      IF (DRST-(EL2B(J,K)-EL1B(J,K))*DX) 5201,5202,5202
 5201 CNX=CNX*CNNX
      GO TO 2305
 5202 RPO=RPO+DRO
      A=AO-G1*(U2(J,K)**2+V2(J,K)**2+W2(J,K)**2)
      GP=(2.*W2(J,K)*(U2(J,K)*UT2(J,K)+V2(J,K)*VT2(J,K))-(A-W2(J,K)**2)*
     1WT2(J,K)-V2(J,K)*(A+W2(J,K)**2))/(RPO*(A-U2(J,K)**2))
      WIP = (UT2(J,K) + EL2(J,K,1) * (VT2(J,K) - W2(J,K)))/RPO
      RP=RP+DR2(K)
      L=0
 5203 L=L+1
      RA(L)=RP-VAL(F2,2,J,K,1,L+3)*DX
      CAPA(L) = -VAL(F2,2,J,K,2,L+3)*DX/RA(L)
```

```
JJ=1+INT((RA(E)-R1(K))/DR1(K))
      DR=RA(L)-R1(K)-(JJ-1)*DR1(K)
      DO 5204 NN=1,6
 5204 FA(L,NN)=HARDIF(VAL(F1,1,JJ,K,1,NN),VAL(F1,1,JJ,K,2,NN),
     1VAL(F1,1,JJ,K,3,NN),VAL(F1,1,JJ,K,4,NN),DR)
      CALL CHAR(FA(L,1),FA(L,2),FA(L,3),CAPA(L),A,ELA(L,1),ELA(L,2))
      DO 5205 NN=4,6
      FAR=HARDIF(VAL(F1,1,K,2,NN-3),VAL(F1,1,JJ,K,3,NN-3),
     1VAL(F1,1,JJ,K,4,NN-3),C.O,DR)
 5205 FA(L, NN)=FA(L, NN)-VAL(F2, 2, J, K, 2, L+3)*DX*FAR
      GA(L)={2•*FA(L,3)*FA(L,1)*FA(L,4)+{2•*FA(L,2)*FA(L,3)+{A-FA(L,3)
     1**2)*CAPA(L))*FA(L,5)+(A-FA(L,3)**2)*FA(L,6)-(FA(L,2)*FA(L,3)+
     2(A-FA(L,3)**2)*CAPA(L))*FA(L,3)-A*FA(L,2))/(RA(L)*(A-FA(L,1)**2))
      GBAR(L) = .5*(GA(L)+GP)
      ELBAR(L)=.5*(ELA(L,3-L)+EL2(J,K,3-L))
      GGA(L)=FA(L,1)+ELBAR(L)*FA(L,2)+GBAR(L)*DX
      GO TO (5203,5206),L
 5206 W1A=(FA(1,4)+ELA(1,1)*(FA(1,5)-FA(1,3)))/RA(1)
      WIBAR=.5*(WIA+WIP)
      WWA = FA(1,3) + .5 * CAPA(1) * FA(1,2) + W1BAR*DX
      V2(J*K)=(GGA(2)-GGA(1))/(ELBAR(2)-ELBAR(1))
      U2(J_{*}K) = GGA(1) - ELBAR(1) * V2(J_{*}K)
      W2(J_{\bullet}K) = WWA - {\bullet}5*CAPA(1)*V2(J_{\bullet}K)
      CALL CHAR(U2(J,K),V2(J,K),W2(J,K),G.,A,EL2(J,K,1),EL2(J,K,2))
      EL1B(J_{9}K)=_{9}5*(ELA(1_{9}1)+EL2(J_{9}K_{9}1))
 5207 EL2B(J,K)=.5*(ELA(2,2)+EL2(J,K,2))
 5208 CONTINUE
 5209 CONTINUE
\mathbf{C}
\mathsf{C}
      DELTA THETA STABILITY AND PRESSURE COEFFICIENT (6000)
      MO=M-1
      GO TO (6001,6002,6004), IPT
 6001 IPT=3
      VNU2=(RSX1(KPT)*UU(KPT)-VU(KPT)+RST1(KPT)*WU(KPT)/RS1(KPT))**2/
     1(1.+RSX1(KPT)**2+(RST1(KPT)/RS1(KPT))**2)
      GO TO 6003
 6002 VNU2=(RSX2(KPT)*UU(KPT)-VU(KPT)+RST2(KPT)*WU(KPT)/RS2(KPT))**2/
     1(1.+RSX2(KPT)**2+(RST2(KPT)/RS2(KPT))**2)
 6003 PTRAT=(G5*VNU2-G2)/((G2+G3/VNU2)*(G5*VNU2-G2))**G4
 6004 NPRT=1
      IF(IJL.NE.IJL/NOPT*NOPT)NPRT=2
      IJL=IJL+1
      GO TO(604,607), NPRT
  604 WRITE (IW,20019) I,X2,MO
20019 FORMAT (1H1,30X,53HNEW DATA SURFACE VARIABLES - FINAL
                                                                    ITERATIO
     1N (I=15,6H, X2=F9.5,5H, M=15,1H)/)
  607 DO 6007 K=1,MK
      GO TO (608,609), NPRT
  608 WRITE (IW,20020) K,T(K),R2(K),RX2(K),RT2(K),DR2(K),DRT2(K),RS2(K),
     1RSX2(K) +RST2(K)
20020 FORMAT (///3H K=I4,4H TH=F9.4,4H R2=F10.6,5H RX2=F8.6,5H RT2=F9.6,
     15H DR2=F8.6.6H DRT2=F9.6.5H RS2=F10.6.6H RSX2=F8.6.6H RST2=F9.6//
     214X,1HJ,6X,2HRP,12X,2HU2,12X,2HV2,12X,2HW2,10X,7HLAMBDA1,7X.
     37HLAMBDA2,7X,7HMACH NO,9X,2HCP/)
  609 RP=R2(K)-DR2(K)
      DO 6006 J=1,MJ
      RP=RP+DR2(K)
      VP2=U2(J,K)**2+V2(J,K)**2+W2(J,K)**2
```

```
A=A0-G1*VP2
      EM2=VP2/A
      EM(J,K)=SORT(EM2)
      BETA=SQRT(EM2-1.)
      TANALF=ABS(W2(J,K))/SQRT(U2 Lak) ##2+V2(J,K) #*2)
      ELAMB=(BETA*TANALF+1.)/(BETA-TANALF)
      TEST=DX/DT-CTST*(RP+U2(J,K)-DX*V2(J,K))/(ELAMB*SQRT(U2(J,K)**2+
     1V2(J,K)**2))
      IF (TEST) 6005,6005,9002
 6005 CP(J,K)=(PTRAT*A**G4-CCP1)*CCP2
      GO TO(6006,6007), NPRT
 6006 WRITE (IW,20021) J,RP,U2(J,K),V2(J,K),W2(J,K),EL2(J,K,1),
     1EL2(J,K,2),EM(J,K),CP(J,K)
20021 FORMAT (10X,15,8F14.7)
 6007 CONTINUE
      GO TO(610,611).NPRT
  610 ICD=ICD+1
      CALL PLTS(X2,ICD,U2,V2,W2,CP,RS2,MK)
      IF(ICD.GT.100)ICD=0
  611 CONTINUE
      GO TO (2101,9003), TEND
 9001 WRITE (IW,20022)
20022 FORMAT (10X, 42HSHOCK POINT CALCULATION NOT CONVERGING)
      GO TO 9999
9002 WRITE (IW,20023) K,J,DX,RP,VP2,A,EM(J,K),BETA,TANALF,ELAMB,TEST
20023 FORMAT (////10X,38HSECOND ORDER SOLUTION UNSTABLE K=15,5X,
     12HJ=15////9F13.8)
     GO TO 9999
     PUNCH OUT RESULTS
9003 GO TO (9004,9999), IPUNCH
9004 WRITE (7,30001) (T(K),RS2(K),RSX2(K),K=1,MK)
30001 FORMAT (6F12.7)
     DO 9005 K=1,MK
9005 WRITE (7,30002) (U2(J,K),V2(J,K),W2(J,K),P(J),J=1,MJ)
30002 FORMAT (4F15.7)
     WRITE(6,650)X2
 650 FORMAT(*0 PUNCHED OUTPUT IS FOR X2 =*,E15.6)
     CALL PLTS(X2,101,U2,V2,W2,CP,RS2,MK)
     CALL GRPH(4,R2,R2,22)
9999 CALL EXIT
     END
```

```
SUBROUTINE FIRST
       DIMENSION CONFIG(17), START(16), TB(20), KSP(20), DTH(20), TD(20),
      1PHI(21,20),TPHI(21,20),FT(21,20),U1(21,20),V1(21,20),W1(21,20)
      COMMON /FIR/XB(20), RB(20,20), RBP(20,20), RBPP(20,20), RBPPP(20,20),
      1UU(20), VU(20), WU(20), R1(20), RX1(20), RT1(20), DR1(20), DRT1(20),
      2RS1(20),RSX1(20),RST1(20),F1(10080)
                                                *EL1(21,20,2),T(20),P(21),
      3TOLEP OCVNSTOCTSTOCNXOCNNXOXENDOTODTOX1, VINF2 OG2 OG3 OG4 OG5 OCCP1.
     4CCP2 . MI . MJ . MK . MAXM . MAXN . MODE . IPT . KPT . MIBMI , MJMI
      COMMON /F2/S(50)/F12/FPPP(50)/F13/DS/F123/F(50),FP(50),FPP(50)
      1/C1/G1,A0/HESH/NOPT
                               • IPUNCH
      EQUIVALENCE(F1(1),U1(1)),(F1(1681),V1(1)),(F1(3361),W1(1)),
      1(PHI(1), TPHI(1))
      IR=5
      IW=6
      READ (IR . 10001) MIB, MKB, CONFIG, (XB(1B), IB=1, MIB)
                                                                               RED
      WRITE(IW.10001) MIB.MKB.CONFIG.(XB(IB).IB=1.MIB)
10001 FORMAT (215,17A4/(8F10.5))
      READ (IR, 10002) (TB(KB), KB=1, MKB)
                                                                               RED
      WRITE(IW,10002) (TB(KB),KB≈1,MKB)
10002 FORMAT (8F10.5)
      DO 11 18=1,MIB
   11 READ (IR+10003) (RB(IB+KB)+KB=1+MKB)
                                                                               RED
10003 FORMAT (8F10.0)
      READ (IR, 10004) (RBP(1, KB), KB=1, MKB)
                                                                               RED
10004 FORMAT (8F10.0)
      READ (IR, 10005) (RAP(MIB, KB), KB=1, MKB)
                                                                               RED
10005 FORMAT (8F10.0)
      READ (IR. 10006) MJD, MKD, IVAXIS, START, EMINE, PINE, RHOINE,
                                                                               WHITE
     IGAMMA, ALPHA, XI, (TD(KD), RS1(KD), RSX1(KD), KD=1, MKD)
                                                                               WHITE
      WRITE(IW, 10006) MJD, MKD, IVAXIS, START, EMINF, PINF, RHOINF,
                                                                               WHITE
     1GAMMA . ALPHA . X1 , (TD(KD) , RS1(KD) , RSX1(KD) , KD=1 , MKD)
                                                                               WHITE
10006 FORMAT (315,16A4/6F12.6/(6F12.6))
      DO 21 KD=1,MKD
      READ (IR, 10007) (U1(JD, KD), V1(JD, KD), W1(JD, KD),
                                                                               WHITE
     1PHI(JD,KD),JD=1,MJD)
                                                                               WHITE
   21 WRITE(IW.10007) (U1(JD.KD), V1(JD.KD), W1(JD.KD),
                                                                               WHITE
     1PHI(JD,KD),JD=1,MJD)
10007 FORMAT (4F15.7)
      CALL NOMDIM(U1, V1, W1, GAMMA, EMINF, PINF, RHOINF, MJD, MKD)
      READ (IR, 10008) MI, MJ, MK, MAXM, MAXN, MODE, IPT, KPT, IPUNCH, NOPT,
                                                                               BLUE
     1TOLEP, CVNST, CTST, CNX, CNNX, XEND
                                                                               BLUE
      WRITE(IW. 10008) MI, MJ, MK, MAXM, MAXN, MODE, IPT, KPT, IPUNCH, NOPT,
                                                                               BLUE
     1TOLEP + CVNST + CTST + CNX + CNNX + XEND
                                                                               BLUE
10008 FORMAT(1015/6F10.5)
      WRITE (IW+20001) CONFIG+START
20001 FORMAT (1H1,39X,50HTHREE DIMENSIONAL NEAR
                                                       CHARACTERISTICS PROG
     1RAM///32X,13HCONFIGURATION,11X,17A4//32X,24HSTARTING VELOCITY DA
     2TA,16A4///)
C
\mathsf{C}
      CONSTANT FACTORS
                           (900)
      MIBM1=MIB-1
      MKBM1=MKB-1
      I-DLM=1MDLM
      MKDM1=MKD-1
      MIM1=MI-1
      1-LM=IMLM
      MKM1=MK-1
      DP=1./MJM1
```

```
P(1)=0.0
      DO 901 J=2.MJ
  901 P(J)=P(J-1)*DP
      DTOR=3.141593/150
      DTD=TD(MKD)/MKHI
      DT=DTD*DTOR
      T(1)=0.0
      DO 902 K=2,MK
  902 T(K) = T(K-1) + DTD
      EMINF2=EMINF**2
      AINF=GAMMA#PINE/RHOINE
      AAINF=SQRT(AINF)
      VINF2=EMINF2*AINF
      VINF=SQRT(VINF2)
      G1=.5*(GAMMA-1.)
      G2=(GAMMA-1.)/(GAMMA+1.)
      G3=2. #AINF/(GAMMA+1.)
      G4=GAMMA/(GAMMA-1.)
      G5=2.*GAMMA/(AINF*(GAMMA+1.))
      VLIM2=VINF2+AINF/G1
      VLIM=SQRT(VLIM2)
      A0=G1*VLIM2
      CCP1=AINF**G4
      CCP2=2./(GAMMA*EMINF2*CCP1)
      IPUNCH=2-IPUNCH
C
\mathbf{C}
      COMPLETE BODY RADIUS MATRIX (1000)
      IF (MKB-MK) 1001,1051,1001
 1001 DO 1002 KB=1.MKB
 1002 S(KB)=TB(KE)
      DO 1005 K=1, MKM1
      DO 1003 KB=1,MKBM1
      KSP(K)=KB
      IF (S(KB+1)-T(K)) 1003,1003,1004
 1003 CONTINUE
 1004 KS=KSP(K)
 1005 DTH(K)=T(K)-S(KS)
      KSP (MK) = MKB
      DTH(MK)=0.0
      DO 1008 IB=1,MIB
      DO 1006 KB=1,MKB
 1006 F(KB)=RB(IB*KB)
      CALL FIT2 (MK5,1,1,0.,0.)
      DO 1007 K=1,MK
      KS=KSP(K)
 1007 RB(1B,K)=F(KS)+DTH(K)*(FP(KS)+.5*DTH(K)*(FPP(KS)+DTH(K)*FPPP(KS)/
     13.))
 1008 CONTINUE
      DO 1009 KB=1,MKB
 1009 F(KB)=RBP(1,KB)
      CALL FIT2 (MKB,1,1,0,,0,)
      DO 1010 K=1.MK
      KS=KSP(K)
 1010 RBP(1,K)=F(KS)+DTH(K)#(FP(KS)+.5*DTH(K)*(FPP(KS)+DTH(K)*FPPP(KS)/
     13.))
      DO 1011 KB=1,MKB
 1011 F(KB)=RBP(MIB,KB)
      CALL FIT2 (MKB,1,1,0.,0.)
```

```
Same Belleville
      DO 1012 K=1,MK
                                 Commence of the second
      KS=KSP(K)
 1012 RBP(MIB,K)=F(KS)+DTH(K)*(FP(KS)+,5*DTH(K)*(FPP(KS)+DTH(K)*FPPP(KS)
 1051 DO 1052 IB=1,MIB
 1052 S(IB)=XB(IB)
      DO 1055 K=1,MK
      DO 1053 IB=1,MIB
 1053 F(IB)=RB(IB,K)
      CALL FIT2 (MIB,1,1,RBP(1,K),RBP(MIB,K))
      DO 1054 IB=1,MIB
      RBP(IB,K)=FP(IB)
      RBPP(IB,K)=FPP(IB)
 1054 RBPPP(IB,K)=FPPP(IR)
 1055 CONTINUE
      WRITE (IW,20002)
20002 FORMAT (////40X,30HCOMPLETE BODY RADIUS MATRIX/)
      DO 1056 IB=1,MIB (2016) 编辑()
 1056 WRITE (IW, 20003) IB, XB(IB), (K, RB(IB, K), RBP(IB, K), RBPP(IB, K),
     1RBPPP(IB,K),K=1,MK)
20003 FORMAT (///10X,3HIB=I5,10X,3HXB=F10,5///14X,1HK,15X,2HRB,19X,
     13HRBP,19X,4HRBPP,17X,5HRBPPP//(10X,15,4F22.6))
\overline{C}
\overline{C}
      UPSTREAM FLOW CONDITIONS (1200)
      VFACT1=VINF*COS(ALPHA*DTOR)
      VFACT2=VINF*SIN(ALPHA*DTOR) / 元本學
      DO 1201 K=1,MK
      UU(K)=VFACT1
      VU(K)=-VFACT2*COS(T(K)*DTOR)
 1201 WU(K)=VFACT2*SIN(T(K)*DTOR)
      WRITE (IW, 20004) EMINF, PINF, RHOINF, GAMMA, AAINF, VLIM, ALPHA,
1(K,T(K),UU(K),VU(K),WU(K),K=1,MK)
20004 FORMAT (1H1,40X,26HUPSTREAM FLOW CONDITIONS////12X,28HFREE
     1AM MACH NUMBER #F10.5//16X,24HFREE STREAM PRESSURE #F10.5//17X
     2,23HFREE
                STREAM DENSITY #F10.8//19x,21HFREE STREAM GAMMA =
     3F10.5//8X,32HFREE STREAM SPEED OF SOUND =F10.4//20X,20HLIMITIN
     4G VELOCITY =F10.4//21X:19HANGLE OF ATTACK =F10.5/////
     519X,1HK,12X,5HTHETA,20X,2HUU,20X,2HVU,20X,2HWU//(15X,15,4F22.6))
\overline{C}
      FIRST INITIAL DATA
\boldsymbol{c}
                            SURFACE (2000)
      DO 2002 IB=1,MIBM1
      IS=IB
      IF (XB(IB+1)-X1) 2002,2002,2003
 2002 CONTINUE
 2003 DEX=X1-X8(IS)
      DO 2004 K=1,MK
      R1(K)=RB(IS,K)+DEX*(RBP(IS,K)+.5*DEX*(RBPP(IS,K)+DEX*RBPPP(IS,K)/
      RX1(K)=RBP(IS,K)+DEX*(RBPP(IS,K)+.5*DEX*RBPPP(IS,K))
2004 F(K)=R1(K)
      DS=DT
      CALL FIT3 (MK+1)
      DO 2005 K=1,MK
2005 RT1(K)=FP(K)
      IF (1-IVAXIS) 2011,2020,2011
2011 DO 2013 KD=1.MKD
     DO 2012 JD=1,MJD
      SPHI=SIN(PHI(JD,KD)*DTOR)
```

	KEND=2	CPHI=COS(PHI(JD,KD)*DTOR)
2048	CALL FIT2 (M)	TPHI(JD,KD)=SPHI/CPHI
	DO 2049 K=1.N	TEMPOR=U1(JD,KD)*SPHI+V1(JD,KD)*CPH
	KS=KSP(K)	U1(JD,KD)=U1(JD,KD)*CPHI-V1(JD,KD)*
2049	CALL VAL4(F1:	2012 V1(JD,KD)=TEMPOR
	lDTH(K)))	WRITE(IW+10007) (U1(JD+KD)+V1(JD+KD
2050	CONTINUE	1PHI(JD,KD),JD=1,MJD)
2051	CONTINUE	2013 CONTINUE
	DO 2052 KD=1:	2020 IF (MJD-MJ) 2021,2040,2021
2052	F(KD)=RS1(KD)	2021 DO 2032 KD=1,MKD
	CALL FIT2 (M)	PO 2022 JD=1,MJD
	DO 2053 K=1.N	2022 S(JD)=TPHI(JD,KD)
	KS=KSP(K)	DO 2025 NN=1,3
2053	RS1(K)=F(KS)+	DO 2023 JD=1,MJD
	1))	2023 F(JD)=VAL(F1,1,JD,KD,1,NN)
•	DO 2054 KD=1	CALL FIT2 (MJD,3,3,0.,0.)
2054	F(KD)=RSX1(K[DO 2024 JD=1,MJD
2004		CALL VAL4(F1,1,JD,KD,2,NN,FP(JD))
	CALL FIT2 (MK	CALL VAL4(F1,1,JD,KD,3,NN,FPP(JD))
	DO 2055 K=1.N	2024 CALL VAL4(F1,1,JD,KD,4,NN,FPPP(JD))
2055	KS=KSP(K)	2025 CONTINUE
	RSX1(K)=F(KS)	DTPHI=(S(MJD)-S(1))/MJM1
	1))	TP=S(1)-DTPHI
2061	DO 2062 K=1.N	DO 2029 JJ=1,MJ
	DR1(K)=(RS1(k	TP=TP+DTPH;
2062	F(K)=DR1(K)	DO 2026 JD=1,MJDM1
	CALL FIT3 (MK	JS=JD
	DO 2064 K=1,N	
	DRT1(K)=FP(K)	IF (S(JD+1)-TP) 2026,2026,2027
	RST1(K)=RT1(K)	2026 CONTINUE
	DO 2063 JJ=1.	JS=MJD
	CALL CHAR(U1(2027 DTP=TP-S(JS)
2063	CONTINUE	DO 2028 NN=1,3
2064	CONTINUE	2028 FT(JJ,NN)=HARDIF(VAL(F1,1,JS,KD,1,N)
	RETURN	1VAL(F1,1,JS,KD,3,NN),VAL(F1,1,JS,KD
	END	2029 CONTINUE
		DO 2031 JJ=1,MJ
		DO 2030 NN=1,3
		2030 CALL VAL4(F1,1,JJ,KD,1,NN,FT(JJ,NN)
		2031 CONTINUE
		2032 CONTINUE
		2040 IF (MKD-MK) 2041,2061,2041
		2041 DO 2042 KD=1,MKD
	•	2042 S(KD)=TD(KD)
		DO 2045 K=1,MKM1
		DO 2043 KD=1,MKDM1
		KSP(K)=KD
		IF (S(KD+1)-T(K)) 2043,2043,2044
		2043 CONTINUE
		2044 KS=KSP(K)
		2045 DTH(K)=T(K)-S(KS)
		KSP(MK)=MKD
		DTH(MK)=0.0
		DO 2051 JJ=1,MJ
		DO 2050 NN=1,3
		DO 2046 KD=1,MKD
		2046 F(KD)=VAL(F1,1,JJ,KD,1,NN)
	•	KEND=1
		IF (3-NN) 2047,2047,2048

FUNCTION HARDIF(A+B+C+DR)
HARDIF*A+DR*(B+0+5*DR*(C+DR*D/3+0))
RETURN
END

PRECEDING PAGESBLANK NOT FILMED

PRECEDING PAGE BLANK NOT FILMED